

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

FIRST EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTERS
OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS (PURE)

MATH 802: GENERAL TOPOLOGY II

STREAMS: MSC (PURE MATHS) Y1BIII

TIME: 3 HOURS

DAY/DATE: TUESDAY 06/04/2021

8.30 A.M. – 11.30 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer ANY THREE Questions.
- Do not write on the question paper.

QUESTION ONE: (20 MARKS)

- (a) (i) When is a topological space X said to be connected? Explain why connectedness is a topological property. (2 marks)
- (b) (ii) Let Y be a subspace of X , define a separation of Y as a pair of disjoint non-empty sets A and B whose union is Y , neither of which contains a limit point of the other. Prove that the space Y is connected if there exists no separation of Y . (4 marks)
- (iii) Prove that the union of a collection of connected subspaces of X that have a common point is connected. (4 marks)
- (c) Define a path in a space X . Hence show that a path-connected space X is connected. (3 marks)
- (d) Define a locally compact space X . Hence show that the real line R is a locally compact space whereas the set of rational numbers is not. (3 marks)
- (e) Explain the basic idea behind the Stone-Cech Compactification. Under what condition does Stone-Cech Compactification coincide with Wallman Compactification? (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO: (20 MARKS)

(a) State without proof

- (i) The Urysohn lemma
- (ii) Urysohn Metrization Theorem
- (iii) The Nagata-Smirnov metrization theorem (5 marks)

(b) State and prove the Tychonoff Theorem. (15 marks)

QUESTION THREE: (20 MARKS)

(a) Let X, Y be topological spaces. Define projection maps π_1 and π_2 such that

$$\pi_1: X \times Y \rightarrow X \text{ by } \pi_1(x, y) = x \text{ and } \pi_2: X \times Y \rightarrow Y \text{ by } \pi_2(x, y) = y.$$

Show that the collection $S = \{\pi_1^{-1}(U) : U \text{ is open in } X\} \cup \{\pi_2^{-1}(V) : V \text{ is open in } Y\}$ is a subbasis for the product topology on $X \times Y$. (6 marks)

(b) Suppose $d \wedge d'$ are two metrics on the set X . Let $\tau \wedge \tau'$ be the topologies the metrics induce, respectively. Show that τ' is finer than τ iff for each x in X and each $\varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0$ such that

$$B_{d'}(x, \delta) \subset B_d(x, \varepsilon) \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

(c) Define the Euclidean metric d on R^n by the equation

$$d(x, y) = \|x - y\| = [(x_1 - y_1)^2 + \dots + (x_n - y_n)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\text{and the square metric } \rho \text{ by the equation } \rho(x, y) = \max\{|x_1 - y_1|, \dots, |x_n - y_n|\}$$

Prove that the topologies on R^n induced by the Euclidean metric d and the square metric ρ are the same as the product topology on R^n . (10 marks)

QUESTION FOUR: (20 MARKS)

(a) (i) Using an appropriate illustration define the concept of a connected space X . (3 marks)

(ii) Prove that the union of a collection of connected subspaces of X that have a common point is connected. (4 marks)

(a) Define a uniform convergence sequence in a metric space X . Hence state the uniform limit theorem. (4 marks)

(b) Prove that the space R^n is paracompact. (9 marks)