

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN APPLIED
COMPUTER SCIENCE

ACSC 271: MATHEMATICAL METHODS FOR COMPUTER SCIENTISTS

STREAMS: BSC

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: MONDAY 16/12/2024

11.30 A.M – 1.30 P.M.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions.
- Adhere to the instructions on the answer booklet.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a. Given the function defined as $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-1 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 2x^2-1 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$ Sketch the graph of the function and obtain $f(0)$ and $f(2)$ (3 marks)
- b. Obtain the derivative of the function $y = f(x) = 2x^2 + 4$, from first principles. (3 marks)
- c. State the order, linearity and degree of the following differential equation. (3 marks)

$$x + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y^2$$

- d. Show that the vectors $\vec{a} = 3i + 2j + k$, $\vec{b} = -2i + 3j + 5k$, are not orthogonal hence find the angle between the vectors (3 marks)
- e. Evaluate the following limits:

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 - 3}{5x^3 + 1}$ (3 marks)

ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 + 3x - 10}{x - 2}$ (4 marks)

f. Obtain the gradient of the curve $y = \frac{1}{x}$, at the point $x = 1$ (4 marks)

g. Given that $y = \sin^{-1}(2x + 3)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (4 marks)

h. Verify whether $y = \sin 2x + 5x + 10$ is a solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} - 2 \cos x = 5$ (3 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a. Find the domain of the function below $f(x) = \sqrt{3x^2 - 3x - 18}$ (4 marks)

b. Verify whether the differential equation $2(x^2 + y^2)dx + 4xydy = 0$ is exact, Hence find the particular integral given that $y(1) = 1$ (5 marks)

c. Given the differential equation $y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$, state the order and linearity Hence solve by the D Operator (5 marks)

d. Solve the simultaneous equations below both by the Cramer's rule and the row reduction Method.

$$3x + 4y + z = 10$$

$$2x - 3y + 5z = -9$$

$$x + 2y - z = 6$$

(6 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Evaluate the definite integral $\int_0^1 9x^2 \sqrt{3x^3 + 5} dx$ (5 marks)

- b) Given the vertices of a triangle as $A(2,3,1), B(4,0,6), C(3,2,4)$, Evaluate the area of the triangle (5 marks)
- c) Prove the divergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{2^n}$ by the ratio test (5 marks)
- d) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y^2 = e^{2x+1}$ at the point $x = 0$. (5 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a. Given the integral $y = \int_1^2 (2x^2 + 5) dx$, Use the trapezoidal rule with 3 strips ($n = 3$) to approximate the integral and obtain the actual error (6 marks)
- b. Verify whether the differential equation below is exact hence Solve it.
 $(4x^3y^3 + 3x^2)dx + (3x^4y^2 + 6y^2)dy = 0$ (4 marks)
- c. Find the equations of lines tangent to the curve $y^2 - 6x^2 + 4y + 6 = 0$ at the point $y = 0$ (5 marks)
- d. Find the area of the parallelogram formed by the vectors $A = 3i + j - 2k, B = i - 3j - 2k$ (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Prove the divergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^n}$ by the root test (3 marks)
- b) Solve the following ordinary differential equations by the D Operator
 $y'' - 4y' + 3y = 0$ (5 marks)
- c) Find the determinant, the characteristic equation and the Eigen values of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(6 marks)

- d)** Discuss the consistency of the following system of equations using row reduction method hence solve it if found consistent. (6 marks)

$$x + y + z = 3$$

$$x + 5y + 2z = 8$$

$$3x - y + 3z = 5$$
