

#### **UNIVERSITY**

#### **COLLEGE**

(A Constituent College of Chuka University)

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

# EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGRE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SCIENCE

**CHEM 110: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY I** 

STREAMS: BED (SCI) P/T TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: TUESDAY 14/04/2020 2.30 PM – 4.30 PM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

• Question One is Compulsory

• Choose any other Two Questions from the remaining four Questions

# **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

(a) State four postulates of Dalton's atomic theory of matter [2 marks]

(b) Silver (Ag; Z = 47) has 46 known isotopes, but only two occur naturally  $^{107}$ Ag and  $^{109}$ Ag. Given the following mass spectrometric data, calculate the atomic mass of silver: [4 marks]

Isotope	Mass (amu)	Abundance (%)
Isotope <sup>107</sup> Ag	106.90509	51.84
$^{106}$ Ag	108.90476	48.16

- (c) State whether the following set of quantum numbers are possible for an electron in an atom
  - (i) (2,0,0,+,1/2)
  - (ii) (1,1,0,+,1/2)
  - (iii)  $(0,0,0,-\frac{1}{2})$
  - (iv) (2,1,-2,+1/2)
- (d) Give two differences between metals and non-metals. [2 marks]
- (e) Draw orbital diagrams for the following elements

(i)	Nickel	[2 marks]		
(ii)	Nitrogen	[2 marks]		
-	ain with the aid of formal charges, the Lewis structure that is likely to be correct for molecule. [2 marks]			
Write	the ground state electronic configuration of the following species:	[3 marks]		
(i)	V (ii) K <sup>+</sup> (iii) Cl <sup>-</sup>			
Write short notes on;				
(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	The concept of electron cloud Electrovalent bond The dual nature of electrons Normality	[2 marks] [2 marks] [2 marks] [2 marks]		
STION	TWO (20 MARKS)			
	otine (Molar mass = $160 \text{ g}$ ) contains carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen. If $5.250 \text{ mg}$ nicotine ombusted completely it forms $14.242 \text{ mg CO}_2$ and $4.083 \text{ mg H}_2\text{O}$			
(i) (ii)	Determine the empirical formula of nicotine Molecular formula of nicotine	[3 marks] [2 marks]		
(i) (ii)	What is an orbita? State 4 characteristics of orbitals.	[1 mark] [4 marks]		
Electrons in atoms of elements are described by four quantum numbers				
(i) (ii)	List the four quantum numbers State the significance of each quantum number	[2 marks] [4 marks]		
(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	SCl <sub>2</sub> CIF <sub>3</sub> PCl <sub>5</sub> COCl <sub>2</sub>	[4 marks]		
	(ii) Explaction Cl <sub>2</sub> O 1 Write (i) Write (i) (iii) (iii) (iv)  TION Nicotin is com (i) (ii) (ii) (iii) Electr (i) (iii) Draw (i) (iii) (iii) (iv)	Explain with the aid of formal charges, the Lewis structure that is likely to Cl <sub>2</sub> O molecule.  Write the ground state electronic configuration of the following species:  (i) V (ii) K <sup>+</sup> (iii) Cl <sup>-</sup> Write short notes on;  (i) The concept of electron cloud (ii) Electrovalent bond (iii) The dual nature of electrons (iv) Normality  THON TWO (20 MARKS)  Nicotine (Molar mass = 160 g) contains carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen. If 5.2 is combusted completely it forms 14.242 mg CO <sub>2</sub> and 4.083 mg H <sub>2</sub> O  (i) Determine the empirical formula of nicotine (ii) Molecular formula of nicotine  (i) What is an orbita? (ii) State 4 characteristics of orbitals.  Electrons in atoms of elements are described by four quantum numbers (i) List the four quantum numbers (ii) State the significance of each quantum number (ii) SCl <sub>2</sub> (iii) CIF <sub>3</sub> (iii) PCl <sub>5</sub>		

# **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

(a) Commercial hydrochloric acid is available as a 10.17 molar solution. How would you use this to prepare 500 mL of a 4.00 molar solution? [3 marks]

(b)	Acetic acid (CH <sub>3</sub> COOH) is contained in vinegar. 25 ml of vinegar solution was diluted 250 ml. 25 ml of the diluted solution was neutralized by 16.5 ml of 0.1 M NaOH. Determine the acetic acid content in vinegar in g/L/ [3 marks]				
(c)	Consi	der the following species ${\rm CO_3}^{2-}$ and ${\rm SF_4}$			
	(i)	Determine the molecular shapes of the species	[2 marks]		
	(ii)	Determine the polarity of the molecules	[2 marks]		
(d)	Giving	Giving reasons, discuss the general trends in the periodic table for the following			
	(i) (ii) (iii)	Atomic radius Electron affinity Ionization energy	[2 marks] [2 marks] [2 marks]		
(e)	Define (i) (ii)	e the following terms Atomic Number (Z) Mass number (A)	[1 mark] [1 mark]		
(f)	Taking symbo	$g \ X$ as a general symbol for an element, indicate how $Z$ and $A$ are in $D$ $X$ .	ndicated on the [2 marks]		
QUE	STION	FOUR (20 MARKS)			
(a)	(i)	State the law of definite proportions.	[1 mark]		
	(ii)	Calculate the percentage composition of Cu, Fe and S in CuFeS <sub>2</sub>	[3 marks]		
(b)	Illustrate with an appropriate example in each case, briefly describe the basic idea following types of chemical bonds.		asic ideas in the		
	(i)	Covalent bonds	[2 marks]		
	(ii)	Ionic bonds	[2 marks]		
(c)	State t	the Pauli's Exclusion principle	[1 mark]		
	(ii)	Based on the above principle, give the set of quantum numbers the electron in sodium atom.	at define the 8th [2 marks]		
(d)	Discus	ss the following intermolecular forces:			
	(i)	Van der Waals	[2 marks]		
	(ii)	Dipole-dipole	[2 marks]		

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(iii) Hydrogen bonding [2 marks]

- Sodium vapor lamps are sometimes used for public lighting. They give off a yellowing (e) light with a wavelength of 589 nm. What is the frequency of this radiation? [1 mark]
- (f) Calculate the wavelength of a neutron travelling at a speed of 4.15 Km/s. [2 marks]