**UNIVERSITY** 

# **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

## **EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF** MASTERS IN AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

# **AGEC 854: MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMICSTS**

**STREAMS: MSC (AGEC)** 

**CHUKA** 

#### **DAY/DATE: TUESDAY 14/04/2020**

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Do not write on the question paper •
- Answer question One and any other Three questions •
- Show your working clearly and use diagrams and charts as necessary

#### **Question One**

(i) Solve the following LP problem using simplex method Maximize P = x + 2y + 3z subject to the constraint

> $7x + z \le 6$  $x + 2y \le 20$  $3v + 4z \leq 30$

Where *x*, *y* and *z* are non-negative

- (ii) Determine the following partial derivatives
  - Given  $f = (x, y) = 3^x + 3xy^2$ , find  $f_y(x, y)$  and  $f_{xx}(x, y)$ (a)
  - Given  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y e^{3z}$ , evaluate  $f_{xy}(1,1,0)$  and  $f_{yzx}(1,1,0)$ (b)
  - If  $ze^z = xy + y^x$ , determine  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$ (c) [6 marks]
- Evaluate the following integral (iii)



[9 marks]

**TIME: 3 HOURS** 

11.30 AM – 2.30 PM

(a)  $\int_0^1 (2^t + t^2) dt$ 

(b) 
$$\int_0^4 \frac{\ln(2x+1)}{\sqrt{2x+1}} dx$$

(c) 
$$\int (\ln y)^2 dy$$

(iv) In a certain country there are two daily newspapers: The Citizen and the Mirror. A researcher interested in the reading habit of this country found the following: of the readers who read Citizen on a given day 50% do so following day while the rest change to the Mirror. Of those who read Mirror on a given day 40% change to the Citizen the following day. Yesterday the readership levels were 30% citizen and 70% Mirror. Assume all conditions hold.

Required:

- (a) Determine the readership levels of both dailies for today and tomorrow.
- (b) If this process persists long enough, what will be the eventual readership?

#### **Question Two**

Use Cramer's rule to solve the national – income model.

[15 marks]

[4 marks]

| C = a + b(Y - T)   | (1) |
|--------------------|-----|
| $T = -t_0 + t_1 Y$ | (2) |
| $Y = C + I_0 + G$  | (3) |

#### **Question Three**

A society has three basic needs; food, shelter and clothing. There are thus three industries in the society \_ the farming, housing and garment industries that produce these commodities. Each of these industries consumes a certain proportion of the total output of each commodity according to the following table.

|             |         | OUTPUT  |         |         |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
|             |         | Farming | Housing | Garment |
|             | Farming | 0.4     | 0.2     | 0.3     |
| Consumption | Housing | 0.2     | 0.6     | 0.4     |
|             | Garment | 0.4     | 0.2     | 0.3     |

Find the annual prices that each industry must charge for its income to equal its expenditure. [15 marks]

## **Question Four**

Consider the following constrained maximization problem:

Maximize  $In(X_1 + 1) + In(X_2 + 1)$ Subject to

 $p_1 x_1 + p_2 x_2 \le m$ 

 $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge m$ 

Where  $p_1 > 0, p_2 > 0$  and m > 0

Where the Kuhn-Tucker first-order conditions for solving the optimization problem.

[15 marks]

#### **Question Five**

A man always eats lunch at one of two restaurants, A and B. He never eats at A twice in a row. However, if he eats at B, he is three times as likely to eat at B next time as at A. Initially, he is equally likely to eat at either restaurant.

| (a) | What is the probability that he eat at A on the third day after the initial on | e?         |
|-----|--|------------|
| (b) | What proportion of his lunches does he eat at A?                               | [15 marks] |