CHUKA


## RESIT EXAM

## EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE <br> OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (ARTS \& SCIENCE)

## CHEM 325: ELECTROCHEMISTRY

STREAM: BED (ARTS \& SCI)
TIME: 2 HOURS
DAY/DATE: TUESDAY 17/11/2020
8.30 A.M. - 10.30 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER ALL QUESIONS

## QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

1 (a) (i) Explain how you can increase the value of reduction potential (2 marks)
(ii) Why do electrochemical cells stops working after some time
(iii) Why is hydrogen electrode not generally used in pH measurement
(iv) The e.m.f of the cell;
$\mathrm{TI} / \mathrm{TI} \mathrm{Cl}_{(\mathrm{s})} / \mathrm{KCl}(0.1 \mathrm{M}) / \mathrm{Hg}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~s})} / \mathrm{Hg}$ is 0.73 volts and $\mathrm{dE} / \mathrm{dT}=7.5 \times 10^{-4}$
(I) Write the individual electrode reaction and the overall cell reaction (3 marks)
(II) Calculate enthalpy change $(\Delta \mathrm{H})$, change in Gibb's free energy $(\Delta \mathrm{G})$ and entropy change ( $\Delta \mathrm{S}$ ) ( $1 \mathrm{~F}=96500 \mathrm{C}$ )
(b) Describe the construction and working of the calomel electrode

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

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(b) A solution of $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ was electrolyzed with silver electrodes. Before electrolysis 25 g of the solution contained 26.50 mg of silver while after electrolysis 25 g of the anode solution contained 42.94 mg of silver. During the time of electrolysis 32.10 mg of silver was deposited in a silver voltameter. Calculate the transport numbers (7 marks)

## QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

3 (a) Explain what you understand by temperature compensation (reference temperature conversion) or a test solution in conductivity measurement
(b) Discuss the effect of dilution on the equivalent and molar conductance
(c) State kohlrausch law

