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# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS RESIT/SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS

# EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DIPLOMA IN BUSINESS MANAGEMENT AND DIPLOMA IN PROCUREMENT AND LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT

# DIAC 0112: PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTING II

**STREAMS:** 

A

TIME: 2 HOURS

11.30 A.M – 1.30 P.M

#### DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 12/09/2018

# **INSTRUCTIONS:**

# Answer question one and any other two

1. Moses is a sole trader in a business known as a mose traders. He keeps his petty cash on imprest system amount being 20,000. The following are the petty cash transactions for the month of march 2015.

1 <sup>st</sup> petty cash in hand	20,0
	00
2 <sup>nd</sup> paid wages	19
	89
3 <sup>rd</sup> cost of Email	13
	58
13 <sup>th</sup> paid wages	29
	20
15 <sup>th</sup> bought foolscap	15
	45
19 <sup>th</sup> paid wages	29
	70
21 <sup>st</sup> bought stamps	12
	10

24 <sup>th</sup> paid wages	29
	98
26 <sup>th</sup> bought pens	11
	76
27 <sup>th</sup> bought envelopes	970

#### Required

- (a) Write a petty cashbook to record above transaction with column for wages, postage and stationery on imprest system. [10marks]
- (b) Explain the contents of a partnership deed.

[6marks]

(c) The following is a cashbook extract of Kampanises for the month of Appril 62

Receip	ts	2,938,000	Bal c/f	1,522,000
Bal c/	d	1,108,000	Payments	2,524,000
		4,046,000		4,046,000

# Additional information

- (i) Bank charges and commissions amounting to ksh 272,000 entered in the bank statement had not entered in the cashbook.
- (ii) Cheques amounting to ksh 534,000 drawn had not been presented to the bank for payment.
- (iii)Cheques received totalling ksh 1,524,000 had been entered in the cashbook and paid into the bank, but not credited by the bank until may 2016.
- (iv)A cheque of ksh 4,400 had been entered as a receipt in the cash book instead of payment.
- (v) A cheque for ksh 50,000 had been debited by the bank by mistake
- (vi)A cheque received for ksh 160,000 had been returned unpaid dishonoured by the bank.
- (vii) Dividends of ksh 124,000 had been credited by the bank and no entries had been made in the cashbook.
- (viii) A cheque drawn for ksh 12,000 had been credited by the bank and no entries had been made in the cashbook.
- (ix) The balance b/f should have been ksh 1,422,000
- (x) The bank statement as at 30<sup>th</sup> April 2016 showed an overdraft of ksh 2,324,000.

# **Required :**

(a) The adjusted cashbook as at 30 <sup>th</sup> April 2016.	[8marks]
(b) Bank reconciliation statement as at 30 <sup>th</sup> April 2016.	[6marks]

2. (a) Explain classification of cash flows in a cash flow statement giving relevant examples.

	[6marks]
(b) Explain the contents of a partnership agreement.	[8marks]

- (c) Explain the reasons for differences between the cashbook balance and the bank statement balance that necessitate bank reconciliation[6marks]
- 3. (a) James and Mark in a partnership sharing profits and losses in ratio 3:2. The following is their trial balance as at Sept 2015

	Dr	Cr
Building (cost 210,00)	160,000	
Fixtures at cost	8,200	
Provision for depreciation: fixtures		4,200
Accounts receivables	61,400	
Accounts payable		26,59
	(120	0
Cash at bank	6130	
Inventory as at 30 <sup>th</sup> sept 2014	62,470	
Sales		363,11
		1
Purchases	210,000	
Carriage outwards	3,410	
Discount allowed	620	
Loan interest	3,900	
Office expenses	4,760	
Salaries & wages	57,809	
Bad debts	1,632	
Allowance for bad debts		1,400

Loan KCB		65,00
		0
Capital : James		100,00
		0
Mark		75,00
		0
Current accounts : James		4,100
Mark		1,200
Drawing : James	31,800	
Mark <u>28,200</u>		
<u>640,601</u> <u>640,601</u>		

#### **Additional information**

- (i) Inventory 30<sup>th</sup> Sept 2015 ksh 74,210
- (ii) Expenses accrued: office expense 215
- (iii)Prepaid expense: wages ksh 720
- (iv)Pepreciate fixtures at 15% on reducing balance basis and buildings at 5% on straight line methods.
- (v) Reduce provision for doubtful debts to ksh 1250
- (vi)Partnership salary of ksh 30,000 is payable to James
- (vii) Interest on drawings James ksh 900 Mark ksh 600
- (viii) Interest on capital account balances at 5% is paid to partners.

#### **Required:**

(a) Trading profit and loss and appropriation account.	[10marks]
(b) Partner's current account.	[4marks]
(c) Statement of financial position as at 30 <sup>th</sup> sept 2015.	[6marks]

4. (a) The following balances have been extracted from the books of Limau ltd as at 31<sup>st</sup> Dec

15 stock of 1st Jan 2015: Raw material	7,000
Working progress	5,000
Finished goods	6,900
Purchases of raw materials	38,0

	00
Direct labour	28,0
Factory overheads	00 25,0 00
Administrative rent & rates	19,0 00
Administrative lighting	6,000
Distributor expense	2,000
Selling & staff salaries	19,3
Sales	80 192,0 00
Plant & machinery at cost	30,0 00
Accumulated depreciation(plant & machinery)	12,0 00
Motor vehicles at cost	16,0 00
Provision for depreciation (motor vehicles)	4,0
Creditors	00 5,5
Debtors	00 28,0
Drawings	00 11,5
Balances at Bank	00 16,6
Capital 1 <sup>st</sup> Jan 2002	00 48,0
Motor vehicle running exp	$\begin{array}{c} 00\\ 4,5\\ 00 \end{array}$

# Additional information

- 1. Stock as at 31<sup>st</sup> Dec 15, raw materials 9,000, wip 8,000, finished goods 10,350
- 2. Depreciation: plant & machinery 10%, motor vehicles 25%.
- 3. Accrued direct labour 3000 and rent & rates prepaid 2,000 Required:

(a) Manufacturing, trading profit and loss account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> Dec 15. [15 marks]

(b) Define ;

(c) (i) Direct materials	[2marks]
(ii) Direct labour	[2marks]
(iii) Prime cost	[1mark]