

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN HORTICULTURE

## AGEC 416: AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS II

STREAMS: BSC (HORT)
TIME: 2 HOURS
DAY/DATE: TUESDAY05/12/2017
11.30 A.M. - 1.30 P.M.

INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

## QUESTION ONE

(a) You have been hired as a farm manager for the Chuka farm to plan for over two hundred acres of land. Explain factors to consider when planning for this farm. [10 marks]
(b) In the context of factor-product relationship, draw a clearly labeled diagram to show the three stages of production and explain them.
(c) Why wouldn't a rational farmer operate in the first and third stages of production.
(d) Explain the factors that aid production and their returns.

## SECTION B: ANSWER ANSY TWO QUESTIONS

## QUESTION TWO

(a) Explain the assumption of linear programming.
(b) The following information was obtainable from the books of Nyangeti farm on 31.12.08 Capital on 1.1.08 ksh 500000

Net prodit for 2008 ksh 121300
Drawing during 2008 ksh 72000
AFC loan payable 2016 ksh 150000
ICDC loan payable 2015 ksh 100000
Farm creditors ksh 78,400

Bank overdraft ksh 22300
Premises ksh 300000
Debtorsksh 139000
Machinery ksh 280000
Stock ksh 115400
Motor vehicles ksh 48000
Cash in hand ksh 11000
Furniture and fittings ksh16500

## Required:

Prepare a balance sheet for Nyangeti farm.
[10 marks]

## QUESTION THREE

Chuka farm has the followng production function, $Y=f\left(X_{1} / X_{2}, X_{3 \ldots X_{n}}\right)$. It must pay 10 KES per unit of fertilizer and KES. 100 for the fixed inputs of land.

| Output (Y) | Fertilizer (50kg/bag) | Land (hectares) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 20 | 7 | 15 |
| 40 | 17 | 15 |
| 60 | 30 | 15 |
| 80 | 55 | 15 |
| 100 | 95 | 15 |
| 120 | 180 | 15 |

(a) Determine
(i) Total fixed cost [1 marks]
(ii) Total variable cost
(iii) Total cost
[1 mark]
(iv) Average variable cost
[2 marks]
(v) Average total cost
[2 marks]
(vi) Average total cost
[2 marks]
(vii) Marginal cost for each level of output [2 marks]
(b) Draw a cost function curve and show clearly the TC, TVC and TFC [4 marks]

## QUESTION FOUR

In the production of milk, the farmer feeds cows hay and concentrates. In order to produce 20 litres of milk, the amount of feed required is as follows:

| Kg. hay (x1) | Kg concentrate (x2) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 40 | 34 |
| 50 | 31.5 |
| 60 | 30 |
| 70 | 29 |
| 80 | 28.2 |
| 90 | 27.4 |
| 100 | 27 |
| 110 | 25.5 |
| 120 | 23.8 |
| 130 | 22.5 |
| 140 | 18.5 |
| 150 | 17 |

(a) Calculate the marginal rate of substitution of hay for concentrates.
[12 marks]
(b) Which combination of feed will enable the farmer to minimize costs given that the price of hay is ksh 10 and the price of concentrate is ksh 40 . [3 marks]

## QUESTION 4

(a) Consider the production function and answer the questions that follow: $Y=x+8 x^{2}-0.1 x^{3}$ where Y is output and x is the input.
(i) Compute average product if $\mathrm{x}=4$, and marginal product if $\mathrm{x}=8$ [5 marks]
(ii) At what value of x is Y a maximum? [5 marks]
(b) Explain five strategies available to the farmer in north Eastern who is seeking to avoid extreme losses in a risky farming situation.

0[5 marks]

