

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

## EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS)

## MATH 125: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

STREAMS:
TIME: 2 HOURS
DAY/DATE: THURSDAY 14/12/2017
2.30 P.M - 4.30 P.M

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions
- Sketch maps and diagrams may be used whenever they help to illustrate your answer
- Do not write anything on the question paper
- This is a closed book exam, No reference materials are allowed in the examination room
- There will be No use of mobile phones or any other unauthorized materials
- Write your answers legibly and use your time wisely


## QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS

a) Determine the validity of the following argument
$S_{1}$ : Some crazy people are dangerous
$S_{2}$ : All fanatics are crazy
Conclusion: some fanatics are not dangerous.
b) Prove the proposition that the sum of n positive even integers is $\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \quad$ (4 marks)
c) Find all the integers such that $2<8-3 n \leq 18$
d) Give an example of a non-trivial relation on the set $A=\{1,2,3\}$ which is i. Both symmetric and antisymmetric
ii. Neither symmetric nor antisymmetric
e) Solve the linear congruence equation $4 x \equiv 6(\bmod 10)$
f) Find the product of the polynomials $f(x)=4 x^{3}-2 x^{2}+3 x-1$ and $g(x)=3 x^{2}-x-4$ over $Z_{5}$
g) Prove that $(a+b)^{\prime}=a^{\prime} * b^{\prime}$
h) Given a binary on the set of integers given by $a * b=a+b-a b$.show that * is commutative and associative

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) Let $A=\{1,2,3\} B=\{a, b, c, d\}$ and $C=\{x, y, z, w\}$. Suppose R and S are relations from A to B and from B to C respectively defined by $R=\{(1, a),(2, a),(2, c),(2, d),(3, b)\}$ and $S=\{(a, x),(a, z),(c, w),(d, y)\}$.
i. Draw an arrow diagram to represent the relation $R^{\circ} S$ (2 marks)
ii. Show that the product of the matrix representation of R and S has the same representation as the matrix $R^{\circ} S$ (4 marks)
iii. Find the domain and range of $R^{\circ} S$
b) Let $S=\{1,2, \ldots, 9\}$ and R be a relation on S defined by $(a, b) \approx(c, d)$ if and only if $a+d=b+c$.
i. Show that $\approx$ is an equivalence relation (6 marks)
ii. Find the equivalence class of $[2,5]$
c) Use Venn diagrams to determine the validity of the following arguments
$S_{1}$ : Some innocent people go to Jail
$S_{2}$ : Mary is innocent
$S_{3}$ :All people in jail are bad people
Conclusion: Mary is not a bad person.
(4 marks)

## QUESTION THREE(20 MARKS)

a) Use mathematical induction to prove that 57 divide $\mathrm{n}=0 \quad 7^{n+2}+8^{2 n+1} \quad$ ( 6 marks)
b) Let $\mathrm{a}=195$ and $\mathrm{b}=968$. Use the division algorithm to find the $\operatorname{gcd}(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b})$ and therefore find integers $m$ and $n$ such that $d=a m+b n$ (6 marks)
c) Consider the third order homogeneous recurrence relation $a_{n}=6 a_{n-1}-12 a_{n-2}+8 a_{n-3}$
i. Find the general solution
(4 marks)
ii. Find the initial solution given $a_{0}=3, a_{1}=4, a_{2}=12$

## QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Solve the congruence equation $f(x)=26 x^{4}-31 x^{3}+46 x^{2}-76 x+57 \equiv 0(\bmod 8)$
b) Consider the Boolean algebra $D_{210}$
i. Find its elements and draw its lattice diagram
ii. Find the set A of atoms
(2 marks)
iii. Find two sub-algebras with 8 elements (2 marks)
iv. Is $X=\{1,2,6,210\}$ a sub-lattice or a sub-algebra? Explain. (2 marks)
v. Do as part (iv) above for $Y=\{1,2,3,6\}$

## QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Prerequisites in a college are partial ordering of available classes. Denote A is a requisite of B by $\boldsymbol{A} \prec \boldsymbol{B}$. Let C be the ordered set of mathematics courses and their prerequisite as shown below.

| class | Math <br> 101 | Math <br> 201 | Math <br> 250 | Math <br> 251 | Math <br> 340 | Math <br> 341 | Math <br> 450 | Math <br> 500 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Prerequisite | None | Math <br> 101 | Math <br> 101 | Math <br> 250 | Math <br> 201 | Math <br> 340 | Math <br> 201,250 | Math <br> 250,251 |

i. Draw with explanations the Hasse diagram for the partial ordering of the classes
(5 marks)
ii. Find all the minimal and maximal elements of C and verify them
(4 marks)
iii. Does C have a first or last element? Explain
b) Let E be the equation $x+y+z=18$. Find the number of non-negative solutions of E such that $x>7, y>8, z>9$.

