

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

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**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING**

**NURS 131: MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY AND ANTHROPOLOGY**

**STREAMS: Y1S1**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

**DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 4/12/2019**

**2.30 P.M - 4.30 P.M**

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**INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Do not write anything on the question paper**
- 2. Mobile phones and any other reference materials are not allowed in the examination room**
- 3. The paper has four (4) questions. All the questions are compulsory**
- 4. Number ALL your answers and indicate the order of appearance in the space provided in the cover page of the examination answer booklet**
- 5. Write your answers legibly and use your time wisely**
- 6. All your answers for section 1 (MCQ's) should be on one page**

**SECTION 1**

**MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)**

1. The key concepts in sociology like social class, social class conflicts, social oppression and alienation were introduced by
  - (a) Emile Durkheim
  - (b) Karl Marx
  - (c) Auguste comte
  - (d) Max Weber
2. .... was as the first sociologist to apply statistical methods to the study of social phenomena.
  - (a) Emile Durkheim
  - (b) Karl Marx
  - (c) Auguste comte

- (d) Max Weber
3. A family in which the spouses have divorced but they both remain responsible for upkeep of the children is referred to as ;
- (a) Blended family
  - (b) Binuclear family
  - (c) Single family
  - (d) Foster family
4. Which of the following sociological theory views societies as static and fails to explain the adaptive dimensions of culture.
- (a) Structural functionalism
  - (b) Social conflict theory
  - (c) Symbolic interactionism
  - (d) Structuralism
5. Which statement best explain the term role strain.
- (a) It results when an individual encounters tension as the result of incompatible roles.
  - (b) A situation where an individual has trouble determining which role to assume
  - (c) The felt difficulty in fulfilling role obligations
  - (d) Pointed separateness between the individual and his putative role
6. The following methods can be used to treat infertility EXCEPT
- (a) Invitro fertilization
  - (b) Gamete intrafallopian transfer
  - (c) Sex preselection
  - (d) Artificial insemination
7. Achieved status is:
- (a) Accomplished
  - (b) Family dependent
  - (c) Class defined
  - (d) Assumed at birth
8. The following represent material culture ;
- (a) Values, Art, Clothing
  - (b) Music, Art, Values

- (c) Music , Clothing, Weapon
  - (d) Music, Belief, Weapon
9. Gradual social change that occurs with very little or no human effort is referred to as;
- (a) Revolution
  - (b) Reform
  - (c) Diffusion
  - (d) Evolution
10. The most appropriate type of conflict where an individual uses quarreling, litigation, war and revolution is;
- (a) Positive conflict
  - (b) Negative conflict
  - (c) Indirect conflict
  - (d) Direct conflict
11. The following constitute technology and social change
- (a) Advances such as radio, television, cellular, modems and fax machines
  - (b) Advances such as radio, television, cellular phones, modems and fax machines
  - (c) Advances such as automobiles, airplanes, radio, television, cellular phones, computers and bowls
  - (d) Advances such as radio, television , drum, computers, modems and fax machines.
12. Chooses the most correct statement that best describes exogamy
- (a) Biological exogamy is marriage of blood related beings.
  - (b) Biological exogamy is marriage of non blood related beings.
  - (c) The marrying with individuals who are related genetically.
  - (d) Individuals who breed with more exotic partners and hereby encourage incestuous relationships hence healthier offspring due to the benefits of heterosis.
13. Which of the following social institution transmits the following ideas, folkways, mores, customs, beliefs and values?
- (a)Family
  - (b) Political
  - (c) Education institution
  - (d) Economic

14. Composite family forms comprise the following;
  - (a) Polygamous family & patriarchial family
  - (b) Polygamous family & monogamous family
  - (c) Polygamous family & extended family
  - (d) Polyandrous family & extended family
15. Determinants of internal family health include the following;
  - (a) Family structure, inter personal relationship, housing and social values.
  - (b) Family size, type of family, inter personal relationship, biological environment and social values.
  - (c) Biological environment, type of family, inter personal relationship, cultural factors and social values.
  - (d) Family size, structures, type of family, inter personal relationship, cultural factors and social values.
16. Choose the most correct statement;
  - (a) Faith: what people set as extraordinary , inspiring awe, reverence and fear
  - (b) Profane: formal anchored in conviction rather than scientific evidence
  - (c) Ritual : formal ceremonial behaviour
  - (d) Sacred: belief anchored in conviction rather than scientific evidence
17. Social stratification is;
  - (a) Moving up and down the social strata.
  - (b) Ranking of members of a society
  - (c) Power structure in a society
  - (d) One's position in the society
18. Symbolic interactionism is a term coined by;
  - (a) Auguste Compe
  - (b) Palto and Aristotle
  - (c) Herbert Blumer
  - (d) Nerbert Spencer
19. Social stratification is classified into the following form.
  - (a) Caste and school
  - (b) School and slavery

- (c) Estate and school
  - (d) Slavery and estate
20. Which of the following is less important in postmodernism theory
- (a) Ethnicity
  - (b) Social class
  - (c) Sexuality
  - (d) Disability

**SECTION 2**

**SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)**

1. Explain five importance of medical sociology and anthropology. [5 marks]
2. Define the following terms as used in sociology mores, folkways, norms and taboo. [4 marks]
3. State five (5) ways in which power may be held. [5 marks]
4. State five (5) main disparities in access to health care in Kenya. [6 marks]
5. Describe (5) characteristics of social groups. [5 marks]
6. State five (5) main socialization agents. [5 marks]

**SECTION 3**

**LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)**

1. (a) Define the term culture. [2 marks]
  - (b) Describe five (5) characteristics of culture. [10 marks]
  - (c) Briefly explain eight (8) effects of culture on health. [8 marks]
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