

# SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DIPLOMA IN PROCUREMENT AND LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT, DIPLOMA IN BUSINESS MANAGEMENT AND DIPLOMA IN ACCOUNTANCY 

## DIAC 0226: MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

STREAMS: DPLM, DIAC, DIBM Y2S2
TIME: 2 HOURS
DAY/DATE: THURSDAY 8/08/2019
2.30 P.M - 4.30 P.M.

## INSTRUCTIONS:

## - Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions

- Do not write anything on the Question paper


## QUESTION ONE

(a) Explain five objectives of management accounting in an organization.
[5 Marks]
(b) ABC Company produces and sells one product "Q" whose selling price per unit is Kshs. 25 and variable cost per unit is Kshs.20. The total fixed costs for the period is Kshs.10,000

## Required:

(i) Determine the breakeven point in units and in shillings.
[4 Marks]
(ii) How many units of product "Q" will have to be sold to earn an after tax profit of Kshs.4,900, assuming a corporate tax rate of $30 \%$ ?
[3 Marks]
(c) Differentiate between the following terms as used in cost accounting
(i) Fixed and variable cost
[2 Marks]
(ii) Product cost and period cost
[2 Marks]
(iii)Cost allocation and cost apportionment
[2 Marks]
(d) The production manager of XYZ Company is concerned about the apparent fluctuation in efficiency and wants to determine how labour costs are related to production volumes. The following data represents the first six months of 2015.

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| Month | Units produced | Labour cost |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan | 34 | 340 |
| Feb | 44 | 346 |
| March | 24 | 287 |
| April | 36 | 262 |
| May | 30 | 220 |
| June | 49 | 416 |

## Required:

Estimate the cost function using;
(i) High low method
[4 Marks]
(ii) Regression analysis method

## QUESTION TWO

(a) The following information was extracted from the books of Aida Ltd regarding their stocks;
$1^{\text {st }}$ Jan the opening stocks was 400 units @ 50 shs each
2/1/2015 received 350 units @ sh. 52
5/1/2015 received 600 units @ sh. 64
10/1/2015 received 450 units @ sh. 60
17/1/2015 received 720 units @ sh. 65
25/1/2015 received 300 units @ sh. 69

## Issues

3/1/5015 issued 450 units
7/1/2015 issues 570 units
13/1/2015 issued 320 units
19/1/2015 issues 200 units
27/1/2015 issued 500 units

## Required:

Prepare a stores ledger card using FIFO method (First in First Out).
[10 Marks]
(b) The following information relates to a certain company XYZ for the period ending $31^{\text {st }} \mathrm{Dec}$ 2015 for a single produce of Exe.

Selling price per unit 10
Unit variable cost
6
Fixed production cost per unit 2
Fixed non-manufacturing overheads 100
Units sold 120
Units produced 150

## Required:

(i) Prepare comparative income statements under:
(a) Marginal costing
(b) Absorption costing

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(ii) Reconcile the profits arising from the two methods.
[2 Marks]

## QUESTION THREE

(a) There are four major types of standards in the context of standard costing. Briefly explain.
[4 Marks]
(b) The material standard for one unit of product Z is 3 kg at Kshs. 5 per kg. 14,000 kgs were used at a cost of Kshs.84,000 and 4,000 units were produced.

## Required:

(i) Material price variance
[2 Marks]
(ii) Material usage variance
[2 Marks]
(iii)Material cost variance
(c) Differentiate between job costing and product costing.
[6 Marks]
(d) Explain four assumptions of cost volume profit analysis.
[4 Marks]

## QUESTION FOUR

A product passes through three production process A, B and C. The normal wastage of each process is A, B and C $3 \%, 5 \%$ and $8 \%$ respectively. Scraps of process A was sold at 25 cents per unit, that of process $B$ at 50 cents per unit and that of process $C$ at Kshs. 1 per unit. 10,000 units were issued to process A in the beginning of October 2005 at a cost of Kshs. 1 per unit.

The other expenses were as follows:

|  | Process A | Process B | Process C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Additional material (sh) | 1000 | 1500 | 500 |
| Direct labour (sh) | 5000 | 8000 | 6500 |
| Direct expenses (sh) | 1050 | 1188 | 2009 |
| Actual output | 9500 units | 9100 units | 8100 units |

There was no opening and closing stocks.

## Required:

(i) Process accounts for process A, B and C.
[15 Marks]
(ii) Abnormal loss account
[3 Marks]
(iii)Abnormal gain account

