



## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

**FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF  
SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS)  
MATH 406: FIELD THEORY**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER 2 questions
- Sketch maps and diagrams may be used whenever they help to illustrate your answer
- Do not write on the question paper
- This is a **closed book exam**, No reference materials are allowed in the examination room
- There will be **No** use of mobile phones or any other unauthorized materials
- Write your answers legibly and use your time wisely

**QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

- a) Let  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}) = \{a + b\sqrt{2}\}$ . Show that it is a subfield of  $\mathbb{R}$ . (5 marks)
- b) Differentiate with examples between an algebraic and transcendental element over a field  $F$  (4 marks)
- c) (i) Show that  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$  is algebraic over  $\mathbb{Q}$   
 (ii) Find its degree of its extension over  $\mathbb{Q}$  (6 marks)
- d) Find a root of  $x^4 + 4$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_5$  and factorize it fully in  $\mathbb{Z}_5$  (5 marks)
- e) Let  $E$  be a finite extension of degree  $n$  over a finite field  $F$ . Prove that if  $F$  has  $q$  elements the  $E$  has  $q^n$  elements (5 marks)
- f) Construct a finite field  $\text{GF}(4)$  and the multiplication table of its nonzero elements (5 marks)

**QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

- a) Use the Eisenstein irreducibility criterion to show that  $29x^5 + 42x^4 + 39x^3 - 12x^2 + 15x - 6$  is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  (5 marks)
- b) By solving for the irreducible monic polynomial  $f(x) \in \mathbb{Q}(x)$  such that  $\alpha$  is a root of  $f(x)$ , find the degree of  $\alpha = \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . (4 marks)
- c) Let  $E$  be an algebraic extension of field  $F$  and let  $\alpha, \beta \in E$ , explain what is meant by elements  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  being the conjugates over the field  $F$  and find all the conjugates of  $\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{3}}$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . (6 marks)
- d) Find the degree and basis for  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[3]{2}, \sqrt{5})$ . (5 marks)

**QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

- a) Show that the field  $F = \mathbb{Q}(i, -i, \sqrt{5}, -\sqrt{5})$  is a simple extension given by  $F' = \mathbb{Q}(i + \sqrt{5})$  (i.e.  $F = F'$ ) (5 marks)
- b) By considering an irreducible polynomial  $f(x)$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  of degree 3 construct  $GF(8)$ . (5 marks)
- c) Show that a field  $F$  is algebraically closed if every non-zero polynomial in  $f(x)$  factors into linear factors. (5 marks)
- d) Prove that a finite extension over a field  $F$  is an algebraic extension over  $F$  (5 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a) Find the splitting field of  $x^4 - 9x^2 + 14$ . (5 marks)
- b) Determine whether the polynomial  $x^4 - 3x + 4$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}$  by first checking if it has a rational root. Can we conclude its irreducible? (6 marks)
- c) Show that  $4x^3 + x^2 - x + 3$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$  (5 marks)
- d) By solving for the irreducible monic polynomial  $f(x) \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$  such that  $\alpha$  is a root of  $f(x)$ , find the degree of  $\alpha = \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{2} + 3}$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . (5 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- a) Show that  $x^2 - x - 1$  is solvable by radicals (4 marks)
- b) (i) Explain the set of all automorphisms of  $[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})/\mathbb{Q}]$   
(ii) Draw and explain the corresponding subgroup and subfield diagrams (15 marks)