CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (SCIENCE AND ARTS), BACHELOR OF SCIENCE GENERAL

MATH 420: PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS I

STREAMS: BED (SCI, ARTS), BSC (GEN) TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: FRIDAY 14/12/2018 2.30 PM - 5.30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS:

ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (20 MARKS)

- (a) Use the method of separation of variables to solve the Pfaffian equation yz dx+2 zx dy-2 xy dz=0 [5 marks]
- (b) Find the partial differential equation associated with the following primitives

(i) $z=ax^3+by^2$ [4 marks]

(ii)
$$\phi\left(z^2 - xy, \frac{x}{z}\right) = 0$$
 [5 marks]

(c) Find the second partial derivatives of $z=x^2y-y^{\frac{7}{n}}x^2+43x-7\tan xy$

[4 marks]

- (d) Verify that the equation is integrable $(y^2+xz)dx+(x^2+yz)dy+3x^2dz=0$ [4 marks]
- (e) Determine whether or not the functions $V=x^2+y^2-z^2$ is a solution to the PDE [3 marks]

$$(x-2z)\frac{dz}{dx} - (x+z)\frac{dz}{dy} = x - y$$

(f) Find the solution to the partial differential equation [5 marks] $v^2 z \, p - x^2 z \, q = x^2 \, v$

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- (a) Verify that the equation is integrable and determine its solution. [8 marks] $(2xyz+z^2)dx+x^2zdy+(xz+1)dz=0$
- (b) Find the complete solution of the PDE $p^2q^2+q^2=1$ [7 marks]
- (c) Find the PDE equation associated with the primitive [5 marks] z=f(2x+y)+g(3x-y)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- (a) Find the integral surface of the equation (y+z)p+(x+x)q=x+y. Passing through $x+y=0 \land z=1$ using the multipliers (1,-1,0) and (1,0,-1) [9 marks]
- (b) (i) Define the compatibility of a system of first order partial differential equations. [2 marks]
 - (ii) State the condition for compatibility of two PDE. [2 marks]
- (iii) Show trial xp = yq and z(xp + yq) = 2xy are compatible. [4 marks]
- (c) Find the complete integrals of the PDE $z-px-qy=\sqrt{1+p^2+q^2}$ [3 marks]

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

(a) Use the Lagrange method to solve

$$\frac{y-z}{yz}p + \frac{z-x}{xz}q = \frac{x-y}{xy}$$
 [8 marks]

- (b) Find the surface which intersects the surface of the system z(x+y)=c(3z+1) orthogonally and passes through the curves $x^2+y^2=1$ and z=1 [4 marks]
- (c) Solve the partial differential equation $p^2 + q^2 = x + y$ [8 marks]

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- (a) Use the Charpit's method to find a complete integral of the equation $xp^2 + yq^2 = z$ [9 marks]
- (b) Identify the special PDE and find the complete solution $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$ [8 marks]
- (c) Show that v = f(y-3x) where f is an arbitrary function is the general solution to the equation $\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{3\partial v}{\partial y} = 0$ [3 marks]
