## **CHUKA**



#### **UNIVERSITY**

### UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

# FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

**DATM 456: DAIRY TECHNOLOGY** 

STREAMS: BSc (FOST) Y4 S1

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 31/3/2021 11.30 AM – 1.30 PM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

• The paper contains sections A and B

- Answer all questions in section A and any TWO from section B
- Marks for each question are indicated in parenthesis ()
- Total marks =70

#### SECTION A: [30 MARKS] – ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Give short answers (3 marks each)

- 1. The volume of ice-cream mix is 40 litres and the overrun is 90%. Calculate the volume of ice-cream.
- 2. Give the reasons for the difference in the storage temperature of mala and yoghurt.
- 3. Give two milk reception platform tests normally carried out on milk.
- 4. What is the function of the flow diversion valve in a plate pasteurizer?
- 5. Give two reason why milk is evaporated at reduced pressur during the manufacture of condensed milk.
- 6. What is seeding as it applies to sweetened condensed milk.
- 7. If you are given 70kg fresh milk to concentrate and the concentration factor is 2.6, what is the

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- mass of the final product to the nearest kg?
- 8. The fat content of butter is 80%. Calculate the overrun.
- 9. Explain the difference in packing requirements for whole milk powder and skim milk powder.
- 10. What is the likely effect of overheating milk meant for cheese making?

#### SECTION B: [40 MARKS] – ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

- 11. a) The acronym 'TACT WINS' can be used to describe the factors affecting the efficiency of a cleaning operation. Give the meaning of each term. [16 Marks]
  - b) Give the cleaner circulation sequence in a CIP system. [4 Marks]
- 12. a) Give three ways that can be used to save energy in an evaporating system.[9 Marks]
  - b) Explain the difference between the principles of preservation in sweetened condensed milk and evaporated milk. [6 Marks]
  - c) Describe the importance of the quality of raw milk for evaporated milk manufacture. [5 Marks]
- 13. a) Explain the importance of milk heat treatment during the manufacture of yoghurt.

  [6 Marks]
  - b) On the same axes (x and y), draw three well labeled graphs showing acidity of milk against fermentation time for: (a) Normal, (b) Antibiotic contaminated, and (c) Phage contaminated milks. [9 Marks]
  - c) Explain the shape of each of the graphs in ii above. [5 Marks]