## **CHUKA**



### UNIVERSITY

### UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

# EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING

**NURU 126: PHARMACOLOGY II** 

STREAMS: BSC NURSING UPGRADING Y1T3 TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 29/09/2021 2.30 P.M – 4.30 P.M.

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

• Do not write anything on the question paper.

- Mobile phones and any other reference materials are NOT allowed in the examination room.
- The paper has THREE sections. Answer ALL questions
- All your answers for Section I (MCQs) should be on one page.
- Number ALL your answers and indicate the order of appearance in the space provided in the cover page of the examination answer booklet.

# **MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (10 marks)**

- 1. Pharmacodynamics involves?
  - a) Information about main mechanisms of drug absorption
  - b) Information about unwanted effects
  - c) Information about biological barriers
  - d) Information about excretion of a drug from the organism
- 2. Disinfectants are:
- a) Strong chemical agents that inhibit or kill micro-organisms
- b) Agents with sufficient toxicity for host cells
- c) They kill both vegetative cells and spores
- d) A process intended to kill or remove all types of micro-organisms including

## spores and include viruses

- 3. What is the definition of a therapeutical dose:
  - a) The amount of a substance to produce the minimal biological effect
  - b) The amount of a substance to produce effects hazardous for an organism
  - c) The amount of a substance to produce the required effect in most patients
  - d) The amount of a substance to accelerate an increase of concentration of medicine in an organism
- 4. What is the type of drug-to-drug interaction which is the result of interaction at receptor, cell, enzyme or organ level?
  - a) Pharmacodynamic interaction
  - b) Physical and chemical interaction
  - c) Pharmaceutical interaction
  - d) Pharmacokinetic interaction.
- 5. Chloramphenicol can cause the following unwanted effect:
  - a. Nephrotoxicity
  - b. Pancytopenia
  - c. Hepatotoxicity
    - d. Ototoxicity
- 6. Which of the following is the most important for movement through capillary walls?
  - a) Molecular size
  - b) Lipid solubility
  - c) Diffusion constant
  - d) pH
- 7. Idiosyncratic reaction of a drug is:
  - a. A type of hypersensitivity reaction
  - b. A type of drug antagonism
  - c. Unpredictable, inherent, qualitatively abnormal reaction to a drug
  - d. Quantitatively exaggerated response

- 8. Which of the following drugs belonging to antibiotics-macrolides:
  - a. Doxycycline
  - b. Streptomycin
  - c. Clarithromycin
  - d. Amoxacillin
- 9. Which of the following is NOT a recognized complication of ampicillin toxicity:
- a) Hemolytic anemia
- b) Diarrhea
- c) Nausea
- d) Overgrowth of gram-positive organisms
- 10. Which of the following groups of antibiotics demonstrates a bacteristatic effect:
  - a. Carbapenems
  - b. Macrolides
  - c. Aminoglycosides
  - d. Cephalosporins

# **SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 marks)**

- 1. Explain the application of complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) in contemporary medicine. (4 marks)
- 2. Explain ways through which route of drug administration affects the bioavailability of drug (4 marks)
- 3. Differentiate between the two phases of drug metabolism (5 marks)
- 4. Explain 'first pass effect' and its implications on drugs (4 marks)
- 5. **State the two acts** of parliaments that control and regulate drugs/poisons in Kenya and briefly explain what each addresses (4 marks)

- 6. Drug interactions can be **beneficial** or **harmful**. Using relevant examples, explain two situations in which we combine drugs for their beneficial effects and two situations where combination may be harmful. (6 marks)
- 7. Outline three (3) main adverse reactions associated with aminoglycoside

(3 marks)

## **LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 marks)**

1. Describe the drug development process

(10 marks)

- 2. a. Different therapeutic approaches can be used to manage different disease conditions. Kama, a child of four years is brought to emergency room suffering from bronchopneumonia. Explain how you would manage him using **empiric therapy.** (10 marks)
- b. Using **the nursing process**, explain how you would carry out health education to the mother of baby Kama on home care before discharge. (10 marks)

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