

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

**EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN BIOCHEMISTRY**

BIOC 415: PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY

STREAMS: BSC (BIOC)

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: MONDAY 03/12/2018

8.30 AM – 10.30 AM

INSTRUCTIONS:

- **Answer Question One and any Two Questions**
- **Do not write on the question paper**

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- (a) Lipoxygenase are involved in the synthesis of oxylipins, which are defense and signal compounds. Explain this statement giving specific examples. [8 marks]
- (b) Give three organelles where de novo synthesis of fatty acids takes place in plants. [3 marks]
- (c) Describe the activity and regulation of ribulose biphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase (RubisCO). [8 marks]
- (d) Using schematic diagram, discuss C4 metabolism of the PEP carboxykinase. [7 marks]
- (e) Explain the biological role of plant secondary metabolites. [4 marks]

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

Nitrate and sulfate assimilation is essential for the synthesis of nitrogenous biomolecules in plants.

- (a) Explain how leguminous plants balance the nitrate assimilation and nitrogen fixation according to the cellular demands and environmental conditions. [4 marks]

- (b) Describe microbial nitrogen fixation. [4 marks]
- (c) Explain biological role of cysteine in plant growth. [4 marks]
- (d) Discuss biosynthesis of methionine from cysteine by plant cells. [8 marks]

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- (a) Using an illustrated diagram, describe structure of the chloroplast. [6 marks]
- (b) Describe the structure and metabolic functions of plant mitochondria. [6 marks]
- (c) Discuss in details non-cyclic photophosphorylation showing the water splitting activity as described by KoK, 1970. [8 marks]

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- (a) Light controls plant development from germination to the formation of flowers in many different ways. Describe roles of the following photoreceptors in plant physiology.
 - (i) Phytochromes
 - (ii) Phytotropins
 - (iii) Cryptochromes. [9 marks]
 - (b) Explain why the salvage of phosphoglycolate is costly in barley crops but insignificant among sorghum growing under the same environmental conditions. [11 marks]
-