## CHUKA

UNIVERSITY


UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELORS OF SCIENCE MATHEMATICS

## MATH 405: ALGEBRA II

STREAMS: " As above"

TIME: 2HRS

DAY/DATE:

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO Questions
- Sketch maps and diagrams may be used whenever they help to illustrate your answer
- Do not write anything on the question paper
- This is a closed book exam, No reference materials are allowed in the examination room
- There will be No use of mobile phones or any other unauthorized materials
- Write your answers legibly and use your time wisely


## QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Verify whether or not the following are ideals in the given ring
i. $\quad R$ is the ring of rational numbers and $I$ is the setoff non negative rational numbers
ii. $\quad \mathrm{R}$ is $\mathrm{Z}[\mathrm{x}]$ and I is the set of polynomials in $\mathrm{Z}[\mathrm{x}]$ whose leading coefficient is even
iii. $\quad \mathrm{R}$ is $Z_{6}$ and I is the set of elements in $Z_{6}$ of the form $r+Z_{6}$ where $r$ is an even number
b) The addition and part of the multiplication table for the ring $\mathrm{R}=\{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}\}$ are given below. Use the distributive laws to complete the multiplication table below

| + | a | b | c |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a | a | b | c |
| b | b | c | a |
| c | c | a | b |


| $*$ | a | b | c |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a | a | a | a |
| b | a | c |  |
| C | a |  |  |

(5 marks)
c) Working in $\mathrm{Q}[\mathrm{x}]$,find the highest common factor of $x^{3}+x^{2}-8 x-12$ and $x^{3}+5 x^{2}+8 x+4$ and express it as a linear combination of the two functions
d) ) If $R$ is a commutative ring with identity, show that $R[x]$ is also a commutative ring with identity (5 marks)
e) Let R be the ring of all 2 X 2 matrices over Z with the usual addition and multiplication of matrices.
i. Show that the subset of R consisting of all matrices of the form

$$
T=\left\{\left.\left[\begin{array}{ll}
a & b \\
0 & c
\end{array}\right] \right\rvert\, a, b, c \in Z\right\} \text { is a non-commutative subring with unity. }
$$

ii. Which elements of T ate invertible?
iii. Find if $I=\left\{\left.\left[\begin{array}{ll}a & 0 \\ 0 & b\end{array}\right] \right\rvert\, a, b \in Z\right\}$ is an ideal of T

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) Consider the set $R=\{[0],[2],[4],[6],[8],[10] .[12],[14],[16]\} \subseteq Z_{18}$.
i. Construct addition and multiplication tables for R using operations as defined in $Z_{18}$
ii. Show that R is a commutative ring with unity.
iii. Show that R a subring of $Z_{18}$
iv. Does R have zero divisors?
v. Is R a field? If yes illustrate each element with its inverse
b) Let P be an ideal in R . P is a prime ideal if and only if $\frac{R}{P}$ is an integral domain. (6 marks)
c) Let M be an ideal in $\mathrm{R} . \mathrm{M}$ is a maximal ideal iff $\frac{R}{M}$ is a $\_$field.

## QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Let F be a field, and let $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ and $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})$ be polynomials in $\mathrm{F}[\mathrm{x}]$ where F is a field
i. Prove that $\operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{fg})=\operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{f})+\operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{g})$.

Consider the polynomials $f(x)=2 x^{2}+3 x+3$ and $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})=3 \mathrm{x}+1$ inthe polynomial ring $Z_{6}[x]$ s.Find:
i. $\quad \operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{f})$
ii. $\quad \operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{g})$
iii. $\quad \operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{fg})$
iv. why is the theorem above not satisfied
(4marks)
b) Let X be a non-empty set and R be the setoff all subsets of X . define addition and multiplication in R as follows

$$
\begin{aligned}
& A+B=A \cup B-A \cap B \\
& A^{*} B=A \cap B
\end{aligned}
$$

For all $A \in R$ define a function $f: R \rightarrow Z_{2}$ as $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{c}\overline{\bar{l} i f x} x \in A \\ \overline{\text { O}} \text { otherwise }\end{array}\right.$
i. Show that $A+\phi=A$ and $A+A=\phi$
(5 marks)
ii. Show that $f$ is a homomorphism of rings

## QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Let U be a fixed non-empty set and R be the set of subsets of U with addition and multiplication defined by $A+B=A \cup B$ and $A \times B=A \cap B$. Verify whether or not $(R,+, \times)$ is a ring.
b) Let F be a field, and $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ anon-zero polynomial in $\mathrm{F}[\mathrm{x}]$. Prove the following
i. If $g(x) \in F[x]$ is an associate of $f(x)$, then $\operatorname{deg}(g)=\operatorname{deg}(f)$.
ii. There exists a unique monic polynomial that is an associate of $f(x)$.
c) Let I and J be ideals in the ring Z of integers, Verify whether or not
i. $\quad I \cup J$ is an ideal
ii. $\quad I \cap J$ is an ideal

## OUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) i. Use the Euclidean Algorithm to find $h c f\left(x^{3}+2 x^{2}-x-2, x^{2}-4 x+3\right)$ in $\mathrm{Q}[\mathrm{x}]$. (4 marks)
ii. Hence, or otherwise, find polynomials s,t in $\mathrm{Q}[\mathrm{x}]$ for which
$\mathrm{x}-1=s\left(x^{3}+2 x^{2}-x-2\right)+t\left(x^{2}-4 x+3\right)$
iii. find $\operatorname{lcm}\left(x^{3}+2 x^{2}-x-2, x^{2}-x-2\right)$
b) prove that in a ring of integers, every ideal is a principal ideal

