

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

## THIRD YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE, ART AND EDUCATION

## MATH 342: QUALITY CONTROL METHODS

STREAMS: BSC, BED, BA
TIME: 2 HOURS
DAY/DATE: TUESDAY 06/04/2021
8.30 A.M. - 10.30 A.M.

INSTRUCTION: Answer Question One and any other TWO Questions
QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)
(a) Briefly outline two approach to the management of quality of manufactured goods in industry.
(b) Outline 3 approaches to lot sentencing in quality control.
(c) Samples of size $\mathrm{n}=5$ are taken from a manufacturing process at regular intervals. A quality characteristic is measured and X and S values calculated for each sample. After 30 subgroups, we have

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{30} \bar{X}_{i}=58395 \text { and } \sum_{i=1}^{30} S_{i}=1516
$$

## Required

i. Compute the control limits for $\bar{X}$ and S charts
ii. Estimate the value of sigma assuming the process is operating in statistical control
[1 mark]
iii. Assuming that the distribution generated by process is approximately normal, what percentage of the product meets specifications of $2000 \pm 150$ [4 marks]

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(d) Find the probability of acceptance in a single sampling plan with $\mathrm{n}=10$ and $\mathrm{c}=5$. Assuming the lot fraction defective is 5\%.
(e) Summarize the acceptance samples procedure on a flow chart

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

(a) A sample of 5 bars from each of the last 10 days is sent for a chemical analysis of the calorie content. The results are shown below. Does it appear that there are any days where the calorie count is out of control?

|  | Calorie Count |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 426 | 406 | 418 | 431 | 432 |
| 2 | 421 | 422 | 415 | 412 | 411 |
| 3 | 425 | 420 | 406 | 409 | 414 |
| 4 | 424 | 419 | 402 | 400 | 417 |
| 5 | 421 | 408 | 423 | 410 | 421 |
| 6 | 427 | 417 | 408 | 418 | 422 |
| 7 | 422 | 417 | 426 | 435 | 426 |
| 8 | 419 | 417 | 412 | 415 | 417 |
| 9 | 417 | 432 | 417 | 416 | 422 |
| 10 | 420 | 422 | 421 | 415 | 422 |

## Required

Develop an appropriate control chart ( $\bar{X}$ - and R-Chart) and analyze your findings.
[10 marks]
(b) The Early Morning Delivery Service guarantees delivery of small packages by 10:30 A.M. Of course, some of the packages are not delivered by 10:30 A.M. For a sample of 200 packages delivered each of the last 15 working days, the following number of packages were delivered after the deadline:

| 4 | 9 | 14 | 2 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 3 |  |

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## Determine

(i) The mean proportion of packages delivered after 10:30 A.M.
(ii) The control limits for the proportion of packages delivered after 10:30 A.M. Were any of the sampled days out of control?
(iii) If 10 packages out of 200 in the sample were delivered after 10:30 A.M. today, is this sample within the control limits?
[10 marks]

## QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

(a) Outline Advantages of quality control
(b) An X chart is used to control the mean of a quality characteristic. It is known that sigma=6.0 and $\mathrm{n}=4$. The center line $=200, \mathrm{UCL}=209$ and $\mathrm{LCL}=191$. If the process mean shift to 188 , find the probability that shift is detected on the first subsequent sample.
(c) The data below represents the number of nonconformities per a 1000 meters in telephone cable. Assuming that assignable causes can be found for point that plot out of control.

| Sample <br> No | No. of <br> Nonconformities | Sample <br> No | No. of <br> Nonconformities | Sample <br> No | No. of <br> Nonconformities |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 16 | 8 |
| 2 | 1 | 10 | 19 | 17 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 11 | 24 | 18 | 6 |
| 4 | 7 | 12 | 6 | 19 | 7 |
| 5 | 8 | 13 | 9 | 20 | 4 |
| 6 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 21 | 9 |
| 7 | 5 | 15 | 15 | 22 | 20 |
| 8 | 13 |  |  |  |  |

## Required

Obtain the control limits for 2500 meters of cable
[10 marks]
QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)
(a) Outline the merits of acceptance sampling
(b) A double sampling plan, has parameters $\mathrm{n}_{1}=50, \mathrm{c}_{1}=2, \mathrm{n}_{2}=100$ and $\mathrm{c}_{2}=8$. Consider a lot with exactly 5\% defective. Compute;
(i) The probability of acceptance on the $1^{\text {st }}$ sample
(ii) The probability of acceptance on the $2^{\text {nd }}$ sample
(iii) The probability of acceptance

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## QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

(a) Lahey Motors specializes in selling cars to buyers with a poor credit history. Listed below is the number of cars that were repossessed from Lahey customers because they did not meet the payment obligations over the last 36 months.

| 6 | 5 | 8 | 20 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 3 | 9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 15 | 12 | 4 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 6 | 18 | 6 |
| 9 | 7 | 13 | 7 | 11 | 8 | 11 | 13 | 6 |
| 13 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 14 |

## Required

Develop a $c$-bar chart for the number repossessed. Were there any months when the number was out of control? Write a brief report summarizing your findings [10marks]
(b) Compute the $C_{p k}$ measure of process capability for the following machine and interpret the findings. What value would you have obtained with the $C_{p}$ measure? Machine Data:

USL $=80$
LSL $=50$
Process $\delta=5$
Process $\mu=60$

