CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

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RESIT/SUPPLEMENTARY / SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING (UPGRADING)

NURS 113/NURU 115: MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY I

STREAMS: TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: THURSDAY 12/08/2021

8.30 A.M - 10.30 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are compulsory. Ensure that all your answers are properly numbered.
- Part I: multiple Choice Questions (MCQ): Write the correct answer on the space provided in the answer booklet. Each MCQ is one mark.
- Part II: Short Answer Questions-Answer questions following each other on the answer booklet.
- Part III: Long Answer Questions: Answer each question on the answer booklet.

PART I: MCQ (10 MARKS)

- 1. Most of the amino acids found in human body are
- A) L-isomers
- B) D-isomers
- C) D and L-isomers
- D) Optical isomers
- 2. A symporter
- A) Moves solute molecules in opposite direction.
- B) Moves solute molecules in same direction.
- C) Depends on energy.
- D) Moves only one solute molecule.

- 3. Incompetitive inhibition, an inhibitor;
- A) Binds at several different sites on an enzyme
- B) Binds covalently to the enzyme
- C) Binds only to the ES complex
- D) Binds reversibly at the active site
- 4. A peptide bond is formed
- A) When carboxyl group of amino acid reacts withα-amino group of another amino acid.
- B) When amino acid reacts with alkali.
- C) When carboxyl group of amino acid reacts with an alcohol.
- D) When carboxyl group of amino acid reacts with side chain of another amino acid
- 5. A patient was diagnosed with a hypertriglyceridemia. This condition is named for the high blood levels of lipids composed of
 - A) 3 fatty acyl groups attached to a glycerol backbone.
 - B) a glycerol lipid containing a phosporylcholine group.
 - C) asphingolipid containing three fatty acyl groups.
 - D) three glycerol moieties attached to a fatty acid.
- 6. Protein kinases phosphorylate proteins only at certain hydroxyl groups on amino acid side chains.

Which of the following groups of amino acids all contain side chain hydroxyl groups?

- A) Aspartate, glutamate, and serine
- B) Serine, threonine, and tyrosine
- C) Threonine, phenylalanine, and arginine
- D) Lysine, arginine, and proline
- 7. Which one of the following is not a carbohydrate-based sugar substitute for diabetic patients?
 - A) Olestra
 - B)Saccharin
 - C) Sucralose
 - D) Tagatose

8.	Which	of	the	following	eicosanoids	is	involved	in	mediating	immediate	hypersensitivity
rea	actions?										

- A) Lipoxins (LX)
- B) Leukotriene (LTA)
- C) Thromboxane (TXA)
- D) Prostaglandins (PG)
- 9. All of the following statements are true for lipids, except
 - A) Lipids are soluble in organic solvents.
 - B) They are present in humans, animals and plants.
 - C) In man they serves as energy source.
 - D) They are absent in cooking oil and milk.
- 10.All the following statements are correct regarding protein except:
- a) Proteins are involved in transport of gases.
- b) Proteins are involved in defence.
- c) Proteins are not found in all cells.
- d) Proteins act as buffers.

PART II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)

- 1.Draw Fischer configuration formulae of D- and L-isomers of galactose and glucose?(4 marks)
- 2. What causes fat rancidity? Name diseases associated with lipid peroxidation. (5 marks)
- 3. List major functions of biological membranes. (6 marks)
- 4. Name sugar present in milk and draw its *Haworth projection* formula. (3 marks)
- 5. Outline biosynthesis of Eicosanoids indicating target sites of steroid and non-steroid ant-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS). (7 marks)
- 6. Using an illustrative diagram, describe the secondary structure of DNA. (5 marks)

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PART III: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)

e.(10 marks)
arthritis (5 marks)
(15 marks)