

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE DEGREE IN MATHEMATICS

MATH 405: ALGEBRA II

STREAMS: "AS ABOVE"

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 31/3/2021

11.30 AM – 1.30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** Questions
- Sketch maps and diagrams may be used whenever they help to illustrate your answer
- Do not write anything on the question paper
- This is a **closed book exam**, No reference materials are allowed in the examination room
- There will be **No** use of mobile phones or any other unauthorized materials
- Write your answers legibly and use your time wisely

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Verify whether or not the following are ideals in the given ring
- i. R is the ring of rational numbers and I is the set of non negative rational numbers
 - ii. R is $Z[x]$ and I is the set of polynomials in $Z[x]$ whose leading coefficient is even
 - iii. R is Z_6 and I is the set of elements in Z_6 of the form $r + Z_6$ where r is an even number
- (6 marks)

- b) The addition and part of the multiplication table for the ring $R=\{a,b,c\}$ are given below. Use the distributive laws to complete the multiplication table below

+	a	b	c
a	a	b	c
b	b	c	a
c	c	a	b

*	a	b	c
a	a	a	a
b	a	c	
c	a		

(5 marks)

- c) Working in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$, find the highest common factor of $x^3 + x^2 - 8x - 12$ and $x^3 + 5x^2 + 8x + 4$ and express it as a linear combination of the two functions (5 marks)
- d) If R is a commutative ring with identity, show that $R[x]$ is also a commutative ring with identity (5 marks)
- e) Let R be the ring of all 2×2 matrices over \mathbb{Z} with the usual addition and multiplication of matrices.
- Show that the subset of R consisting of all matrices of the form $T = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & c \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ is a non-commutative subring with unity.
 - Which elements of T are invertible?
 - Find if $I = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ is an ideal of T (6 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Consider the set $R = \{[0], [2], [4], [6], [8], [10], [12], [14], [16]\} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_{18}$.
- Construct addition and multiplication tables for R using operations as defined in \mathbb{Z}_{18} (2 marks)
 - Show that R is a commutative ring with unity. (2 marks)
 - Show that R is a subring of \mathbb{Z}_{18} (2 marks)
 - Does R have zero divisors? (1 mark)
 - Is R a field? If yes illustrate each element with its inverse (1 mark)
- b) Let P be an ideal in R . P is a prime ideal if and only if $\frac{R}{P}$ is an integral domain. (6 marks)
- c) Let M be an ideal in R . M is a maximal ideal iff $\frac{R}{M}$ is a field. (6 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Let F be a field, and let $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ be polynomials in $F[x]$ where F is a field
- Prove that $\deg(fg) = \deg(f) + \deg(g)$. (4 marks)

Consider the polynomials $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x + 3$ and $g(x) = 3x + 1$ in the polynomial ring $\mathbb{Z}_6[x]$. Find:

- $\deg(f)$
- $\deg(g)$
- $\deg(fg)$
- why is the theorem above not satisfied (4 marks)

- b) Let X be a non-empty set and R be the set of all subsets of X . Define addition and multiplication in R as follows

$$A + B = A \cup B - A \cap B$$

$$A * B = A \cap B$$

For all $A \in R$ define a function $f : R \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$ as $f(x) = \begin{cases} \bar{1} & \text{if } x \in A \\ \bar{0} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

- i. Show that $A + \phi = A$ and $A + A = \phi$ (5 marks)
- ii. Show that f is a homomorphism of rings (7 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Let U be a fixed non-empty set and R be the set of subsets of U with addition and multiplication defined by $A + B = A \cup B$ and $A \times B = A \cap B$. Verify whether or not $(R, +, \times)$ is a ring. (6 marks)
- b) Let F be a field, and $f(x)$ a non-zero polynomial in $F[x]$. Prove the following
 - i. If $g(x) \in F[x]$ is an associate of $f(x)$, then $\deg(g) = \deg(f)$. (4 marks)
 - ii. There exists a unique monic polynomial that is an associate of $f(x)$. (4 marks)
- c) Let I and J be ideals in the ring \mathbb{Z} of integers, Verify whether or not
 - i. $I \cup J$ is an ideal
 - ii. $I \cap J$ is an ideal (6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a)
 - i. Use the Euclidean Algorithm to find $hcf(x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2, x^2 - 4x + 3)$ in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$. (4 marks)
 - ii. Hence, or otherwise, find polynomials s, t in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ for which $x - 1 = s(x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2) + t(x^2 - 4x + 3)$ (4 marks)
 - iii. find $lcm(x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2, x^2 - 4x + 3)$ (4 marks)
- b) prove that in a ring of integers, every ideal is a principal ideal (8 marks)

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