

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

RESIT/SUPPLEMENTARY / SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS EXAMINATION FOR THE
AWARD OF DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF

MATH 422: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS II

STREAMS:

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 5/5/2021

8.30 A.M - 10.30 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONSAnswer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** Questions**Question One (Compulsory) (30marks)**

- a. Given the equation. $(1 - x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 1 \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$, determine:
- Ordinary point of the equation (3 marks)
 - Singular point of the equation (3 mark)
 - Regular singular point of the equation (3 marks)
- b. Find the differential equation whose fundamental set of solution is $\{e^{4x}, e^x\}$ (7 marks)
- c. Show that the functions $f_1 = e^x$, $f_2 = e^{-x}$ and $f_3 = e^{3x}$ are
- Linearly independent (6 marks)
 - Write down the general solution of the differential equation for which they are solutions (2 mark)
- d. Prove that the Legendre Polynomial of order three is given by

$$P_3(x) = \frac{1}{2}(5x^3 - 3x) \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

Question Two (30marks)

- a. Find the power series solution of $y'' + 2xy = 0$ near $x = 0$ (10 mark)
- b. Use the Rodrigues formula for Legendre's polynomial of order n

$$P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n \quad \text{find:}$$

i. $P_2(x)$ (4 marks)

ii. $P_4(x)$ (6 marks)

Question Three(30marks)

- a. Find a power series solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{xdy}{dx} - 2y = 0$$

(12marks)

- b. Convert the differential equation. $\frac{2d^3 y}{dt^3} + \frac{3d^2 y}{dt^2} - \frac{4dy}{dt} + 5y = 0$ into a matrix equation of the form $\vec{y}' = A\vec{y}$ (8 marks)

Question Four (20marks)

- a. Show that the functions x , x^2 and x^3 are solutions to a differential equation and write the general solution (8 marks)
- b. Use the method of undetermined coefficients to find the general solution of the nonhomogenous differential equation (12 marks)

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2 + 2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -2x_1 + 3x_2 + 1$$

Question Five (20marks)

- a. Find the general solution of the system using the matrix method (12 marks)

$$\dot{y} = 2y_1 - 3y_2$$

$$\dot{y} = y_1 - 2y_2$$

- b. The differential equation has a regular singular point at $x = 0$. Find the indicial equation and the recurrence formula (8 marks)

$$x^2 y'' - x y' + (1 - x)y = 0$$

.....