

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

**EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE
IN APPLIED STATISTICS**

MATH 845: STATISTICAL INFERENCE**STREAMS: MSc. (App stat)****TIME: 3 HOURS****DAY/DATE: THURSDAY 07/10/2021****2.30 P.M. – 5.30 P.M.****INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer ANY THREE Questions.
- Show your working clearly

QUESTION ONE [20 MARKS]

a) Define the terms given below illustrating with an example

i) Weakly consistent

ii) efficiency

iii) Completeness

(6 marks)

b) Let $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ be i. i. d Bernoulli $(1, p)$ random variables with p.m.f.

$$f(x, p) = \begin{cases} p(1-p)^{1-x}, & x=0,1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the Uniformly Most Powerful size α test for $H_0: p = p_0$ against $H_1: p = p_1$ where

$$p_1 > p_0$$

(10 marks)

c) Suppose that $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ i. i. d Bernoulli (p) Find the maximum likelihood estimator (MLE) for p

(4 marks)

QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

Let $y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_n$ be a random sample from density:

$$g(y, \beta) = \begin{cases} \frac{\beta^3}{2} y^2 e^{-\beta y}, & y > 0, \beta > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- i) Show that this distribution belongs to the exponential family of densities and hence find a sufficient statistic for β
- ii) Find the MLE for β and show that it is consistent
- iii) Is the estimator obtained in part (ii) MVUBUE? Give reasons for your answer.

QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS]

- a) Let $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ i.i.d $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ random variables. Find the Likelihood Ratio Test (LRT) for $H_0: \mu = \mu_0$ against $H_0: \mu \neq \mu_0$ and in a case where σ^2 is unspecified.

(10 marks)

- b) Consider a random sample of n independent random variables $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_n$ be i. i. d $B(1, \delta)$ with p.m.f.

$$f(x, \delta) = \begin{cases} \delta^x (1-\delta)^{1-x}, & x = 0, 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find a minimal sufficient statistic for δ .

(10 marks)

QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]

Let $y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_n$ i.i.d $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

- a) Show that $\hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2$ is asymptotically biased estimator of σ^2 . How would you fix the bias? (5 marks)

- b) Show that the sample mean is a UMVUE for μ (7 marks)

- c) Obtain the asymptotically efficient MLE for unbiased estimator of σ^2

(8

marks)
